Sixteenth Marcel Grossmann Meeting



Contribution ID: 908

Type: Talk in the parallel session

Jointly setting upper limits on multiple components of an anisotropic stochastic gravitational-wave background

Friday, 9 July 2021 07:50 (20 minutes)

With the increasing sensitivities of the gravitational wave (GW) detectors and more detectors joining the international network, the chances of detection of a stochastic GW background (SGWB) is progressively increasing. Different astrophysical and cosmological processes are likely to give rise to backgrounds with distinct spectral signatures and distributions on the sky. The observed background will therefore be a superposition of these components. Hence, one of the first questions that will come up after the first detection of an SGWB will likely be about identifying the dominant components and their distributions on the sky. These questions were addressed separately in the literature, namely, how to separate components of the isotropic backgrounds and how to probe the anisotropy of a single component. In this presentation, we address the question of how to separate distinct anisotropic backgrounds with (sufficiently) different spectral shapes. We will present a novel method to jointly set upper limits on multiple components of an anisotropic stochastic gravitationalwave background.

Primary authors: SURESH, Jishnu (Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, The University of Tokyo); AGARWAL, Deepali (Inter-University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics, Pune, India); MITRA, Sanjit (Inter-University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics, Pune, India)

Presenter: SURESH, Jishnu (Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, The University of Tokyo)

Session Classification: Sources of Gravitational Waves

Track Classification: Gravitational Waves: Sources of Gravitational Waves