## Sixteenth Marcel Grossmann Meeting



Contribution ID: 1022

Type: Talk in the parallel session

## Black hole shadow as a standard ruler in cosmology

Friday, 9 July 2021 09:10 (20 minutes)

Advancements in the black hole shadow observations may allow us not only to investigate physics in the strong gravity regime, but also to use them in cosmological studies. We propose to use the shadow of supermassive black holes as a standard ruler for cosmological applications assuming the black hole mass can be determined independently. First, observations at low redshift distances can be used to constrain the Hubble constant independently.

Secondly, the angular size of shadows of high redshift black holes is increased due to cosmic expansion and may also be reachable with future observations.

Talk is mainly based on the paper:

O.Yu. Tsupko, Z. Fan and G.S. Bisnovatyi-Kogan, Black hole shadow as a standard ruler in cosmology, Classical and Quantum Gravity (2020)

see also:

G.S. Bisnovatyi-Kogan and O.Yu. Tsupko, Shadow of a black hole at cosmological distances, Physical Review D (2018);

V. Perlick, O.Yu. Tsupko and G.S. Bisnovatyi-Kogan, Black hole shadow in an expanding universe with a cosmological constant, Physical Review D (2018).

Primary author: TSUPKO, Oleg (Space Research Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences)

**Co-authors:** Prof. FAN, Zuhui (South-Western Institute for Astronomy Research, Yunnan University); Prof. BISNOVATYI-KOGAN, Gennady (Space Research Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences)

Presenter: TSUPKO, Oleg (Space Research Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences)

Session Classification: Gravitational Lensing and Shadows

Track Classification: Precision Tests: Gravitational Lensing and Shadows