Seventeenth Marcel Grossmann Meeting



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Black Holes and Massive Galaxies in the Early Universe

Monday, 8 July 2024 13:00 (30 minutes)

Recent observations with the JWST and ALMA have identified at z>10 massive star forming galaxies of up to 1011 solar masses that are already quench at z>3. The very early formation and rapid evolution of massive galaxies produced great surprise, because it is difficult to reconcile with standard Λ CDM predictions. I will show that BH-jet feedback accelerated the formation and evolution of massive galaxies. Since the diameter of the Universe decreases with redshift z as 1/(1+z), the global gas density of the Universe increases with redshift, positive BH-feedback becoming a relevant mechanism in the early Universe. In this context, the existence of massive star formation galaxies at z>10 that are already quench at z>3 is not surprising. If the SMBHs of more than 107 solar masses found in quasars up to z=7 result from rapidly growing BH seeds, I will conclude that BH-jet feedback enhanced the formation and growth of the first stars and galaxies at cosmic dawn.

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